

CONTRIBUTION TO OUR KNOWLEDGE OF THE FLORA
OF THE SOUTHERN PART OF JAPAN. III.

Genkei MASAMUNE.

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52. **Phyllodesmis Matsudai**, (HAY.) MASAMUNE, comb. nov.

Syn. *Loranthus Matsudai*, HAY. Ic. Pl. Formos. X. p. 30 (1921).

Nom. Jap. *Taiwan-matsugumi*.

Hab. Formosa.

53. **Omphalodes formosana**, MASAMUNE, sp. nov.

Perennis, hirsuta, caulinis arcuatis ascendentibus, ca. 20 cm. longis. Folia basalia longe petiolata; petioli longiores usque ad 4 cm. longi; lamina elliptica, ca. 13 mm. longa, ca. 5 mm. lata, apice nunc acuta, nunc obtusa, basi semper in petiolum attenuata, utrinque hirta, margine integra. Folia caulinis elliptica brevius petiolata, suprema sessilia, ca. 13 mm. longa, ca. 5 mm. lata. Cincinni terminales ebracteati, multiflori, pedicellis sericeis calyce multo longioribus; sepala elliptica, ca. 3 mm. longa, uninervia sericea; corolla alba, subrotata, ca. 6 mm. longa; tubus 2 mm. longus; limbus ca. 8 mm. diametro, usque ad basin partitus; fornices subtrapeziformes. Stylus calyce duplo brevior. Nuculae glabrae integerrimae, ca. 1½ mm. diametro.

Nom. Jap. *Tsugitaka-siroruri*.

Hab. Monte Tsugitaka ca. 4000 m. alt. Jul. 8. 1930, Leg. Ipse No. 1234!

54. **Viola tsugitakaensis**, MASAMUNE, sp. nov.

Acaulis. Rhizoma erectum. Folia radicalia petiolata; lamina late ovata, apice obtusa basi leviter cordata, 10–20 mm. longa, 10–15 mm. lata, margine crenulato-denticulata, utraque pagina subglabra, margine ciliata, petiolis hirsutis ½–4 cm. longis, basi dilatatis, stipulis linearis-lanceolatis 5 mm. longis basi dilatatis ad basin petioli adnatis margine ciliato-fimbriatis apice linearibus. Scapi 2–7 cm. longi plus minusve hirsuti supra medium bracteis oppositis 2 instructi, bracteis linearibus ca. 5 mm. longis, ca. ½ mm. latis. Sepala inaequalia superiora 3 lanceolato-linearia 6 mm. longa, 1½ mm. lata margine haud ciliata, inferiora 2 trigono-ovata 5 mm. longa infra medium ca. 2 mm. lata margine vix ciliolata. Petala superiora et lateralia subaequalia obovato-cuneata apice rotundato-truncata ca. 9 mm. longa, ca. 4 mm. lata; inferius 8 mm. longum 4 mm. latum apice emarginatum basi breve calcaratum, calcare ca. 2 mm. longo.